

# VRF SYSTEM INDOOR UNIT

## Compact Wall Mounted Type Comfort Model (EEV internal model)

**⚠ CAUTION**

**R410A  
REFRIGERANT**

This Air Conditioner contains and operates with refrigerant R410A.

**THIS PRODUCT MUST ONLY BE INSTALLED OR SERVICED BY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL.**

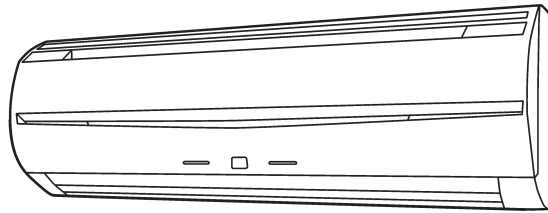
Refer to Commonwealth, State, Territory and local legislation, regulations, codes, installation & operation manuals, before the installation, maintenance and/or service of this product.

English

# INSTALLATION MANUAL

For authorized service personnel only.

中文



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## 1. SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Be sure to read this Manual thoroughly before installation.
- The warnings and precautions indicated in this Manual contain important information pertaining to your safety. Be sure to observe them.
- Hand this Manual, together with the Operating Manual to the customer.  
Request the customer to keep them on hand for future use, such as for relocating or repairing the unit.

### WARNING!

This mark indicates procedures which, if improperly performed, might lead to the death or serious injury of the user.

- Request your dealer or a professional installer to install the unit in accordance with this Manual.  
An improperly installed unit can cause serious accidents such as water leakage, electric shock, or fire.  
If the unit is installed in disregard of the instructions in the Installation Manual, it will void the manufacturer's warranty.
- Do not turn ON the power until all work has been completed.  
Turning ON the power before the work is completed can cause serious accidents such as electric shock or fire.
- If refrigerant leaks while work is being carried out, ventilate the area.  
If the refrigerant comes in contact with a flame, it produces a toxic gas.
- Installation work must be performed in accordance with national wiring standards by authorized personnel only.
- Except for EMERGENCY, never turn off main as well as sub breaker of the indoor units during operation. It will cause compressor failure as well as water leakage. First, stop the indoor unit by operating the control unit, converter or external input device and then cut the breaker.  
Make sure to operate through the control unit, converter or external input device.  
When the breaker is designed, locate it at a place where the users cannot start and stop in the daily work.

### CAUTION!

This mark indicates procedures which, if improperly performed, might possibly result in personal harm to the user, or damage to property.

## 2. ABOUT THE UNIT

### 2.1. Precautions for using the R410A refrigerant

#### WARNING

- Do not introduce any substance other than the prescribed refrigerant into the refrigeration cycle.  
If air enters the refrigeration cycle, the pressure in the refrigeration cycle will become abnormally high and cause the piping to rupture.

- If there is a refrigerant leakage, make sure that it does not exceed the concentration limit.  
If a refrigerant leakage exceeds the concentration limit, it can lead to accidents such as oxygen starvation.
- Do not touch refrigerant that has leaked from the refrigerant pipe connections or other area. Touching the refrigerant directly can cause frostbite.
- If a refrigerant leakage occurs during operation, immediately vacate the premises and thoroughly ventilate the area.  
If the refrigerant comes in contact with a flame, it produces a toxic gas.

### 2.2. Special tool for R410A

#### WARNING

- To install a unit that uses the R410A refrigerant, use dedicated tools and piping materials that have been manufactured specifically for R410A use.  
Because the pressure of the R410A refrigerant is approximately 1.6 times higher than the R22, failure to use dedicated piping material or improper installation can cause rupture or injury.  
Furthermore, it can cause serious accidents such as water leakage, electric shock, or fire.



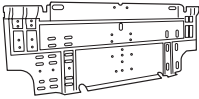

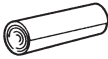

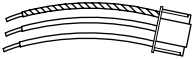
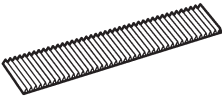
Tool name	Contents of change
Gauge manifold	Pressure is huge and cannot be measured with a conventional gauge. To prevent erroneous mixing of other refrigerants, the diameter of each port has been changed. It is recommended to use a gauge manifold with a high pressure display range -0.1 to 5.3 MPa and a low pressure display range -0.1 to 3.8 MPa.
Charging hose	To increase pressure resistance, the hose material and base size were changed.
Vacuum pump	A conventional vacuum pump can be used by installing a vacuum pump adapter. Be sure that the pump oil does not backflow into the system. Use one capable for vacuum suction of -100.7 kPa (5 Torr, -755 mmHg).
Gas leakage detector	Special gas leakage detector for HFC refrigerant R410A.

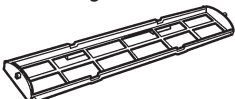

## 2.3. Accessories

### WARNING

- For installation purposes, be sure to use the parts supplied by the manufacturer or other prescribed parts. The use of non-prescribed parts can cause serious accidents such as the unit to fall, water leakage, electric shock, or fire.
- The following installation parts are furnished. Use them as required.
- Keep the Installation Manual in a safe place and do not discard any other accessories until the installation work has been completed.

Do not discard any accessories needed for installation until the installation work has been completed.

Name and Shape	Q'ty	Application
Operating Manual 	1	
Installation Manual 	1	(This book)
Wall hook bracket 	1	For indoor unit installation
Binder 	1	For remote controller cable binding
Cloth tape 	1	For indoor unit installation
Tapping screw (M4×25mm) 	8	For wall hook bracket installation
Wire assembly 	1	For wired remote controller installation
Air cleaning filter 	2	

Air cleaning filter frame 	2	
Seal A 	1	For indoor unit installation

## 2.4. Optional parts

The following options are available.

- External output wire (P/N 9368778002)
- External input wire (P/N 9368779009)

## 3. INSTALLATION WORK

Especially, the installation place is very important for the split type air conditioner because it is very difficult to move from place to place after the first installation.

### 3.1. Selecting an installation location

#### WARNING

- Select installation locations that can properly support the weight of the indoor. Install the units securely so that they do not topple or fall.

#### CAUTION

- Do not install the unit in the following areas:
  - Area with high salt content, such as at the seaside. It will deteriorate metal parts, causing the parts to fall or the unit to leak water.
  - Area filled with mineral oil or containing a large amount of splashed oil or steam, such as a kitchen. It will deteriorate plastic parts, causing the parts to fall or the unit to leak water.
  - Area that generates substances that adversely affect the equipment, such as sulfuric gas, chlorine gas, acid, or alkali. It will cause the copper pipes and brazed joints to corrode, which can cause refrigerant leakage.
  - Area that can cause combustible gas to leak, contains suspended carbon fibers or flammable dust, or volatile inflammables such as paint thinner or gasoline. If gas leaks and settles around the unit, it can cause a fire.
  - Area where animals may urinate on the unit or ammonia may be generated.
- Do not use the unit for special purposes, such as storing food, raising animals, growing plants, or preserving precision devices or art objects. It can degrade the quality of the preserved or stored objects.
- Do not install where there is the danger of combustible gas leakage.
- Do not install the unit near a source of heat, steam, or flammable gas.
- Install the unit where drainage does not cause any trouble.

### ⚠ CAUTION

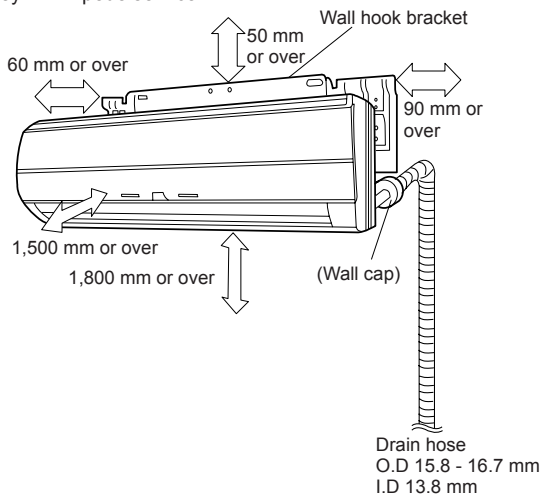
- Install the indoor unit, outdoor unit, power supply cable, transmission cable, and remote controller cable at least 1 m away from a television or radio receivers. The purpose of this is to prevent TV reception interference or radio noise. (Even if they are installed more than 1 m apart, you could still receive noise under some signal conditions.)
- If children under 10 years old may approach the unit, take preventive measures so that they cannot reach the unit.

### • Decide the mounting position with the customer as follows:

- (1) Install the indoor unit on a place having a sufficient strength so that it withstands against the weight of the indoor unit.
- (2) The inlet and outlet ports should not be obstructed; the air should be able to blow all over the room.
- (3) Leave the space required to service the air conditioner.
- (4) A place from where the air can be distributed evenly throughout the room by the unit.
- (5) Install the unit where connection to the outdoor unit is easy.
- (6) Install the unit where the connection pipe can be easily installed.
- (7) Install the unit where the drain pipe can be easily installed.
- (8) Install the unit where noise and vibrations are not amplified.
- (9) Take servicing, etc., into consideration and leave the spaces. Also install the unit where the filter can be removed.

## 3.2. Installation dimensions

Provide a service space for inspection purposes. Do not place any wiring or illumination in the service space, as they will impede service.



## 3.3. Installing the unit

### ⚠ WARNING

- Install the air conditioner in a location which can withstand a load do at least 5 times the weight of the main unit and which will not amplify sound or vibration. If the installation location is not strong enough, the indoor unit may fall and cause injuries.
- If the job is done with the panel frame only, there is a risk that the unit will come loose. Please take care.

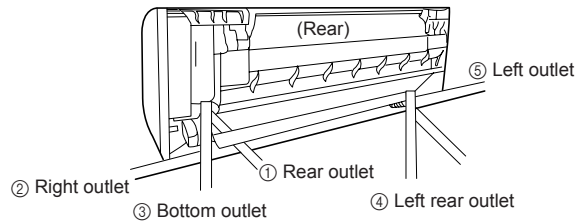
### 3.3.1. Determining the piping direction

The piping can be connected in the 5 directions indicated by 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 in (Fig. A).

When the piping is connected in direction 2 or 5, cut along the piping groove in the side of the front cover with a hacksaw.

When connecting the piping in direction 3, cut a notch in the thin wall at the front bottom of the front cover.

Fig. A



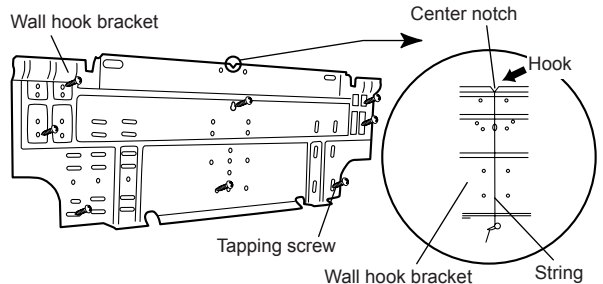
### 3.3.2. Installing the wall hook bracket

### ⚠ CAUTION

- Install the wall hook bracket horizontally and perpendicularly.

- (1) Install the wall hook bracket so that it is correctly positioned horizontally and vertically. If the wall hook bracket is tiled, water will drip to the floor.
- (2) Install the wall hook bracket so that it is strong enough to withstand the weight of an adult.

- Fasten the wall hook bracket to the wall with 6 or more screws through the holes near the outer edge of the bracket.
- Check that there is no rattle at the wall hook bracket.



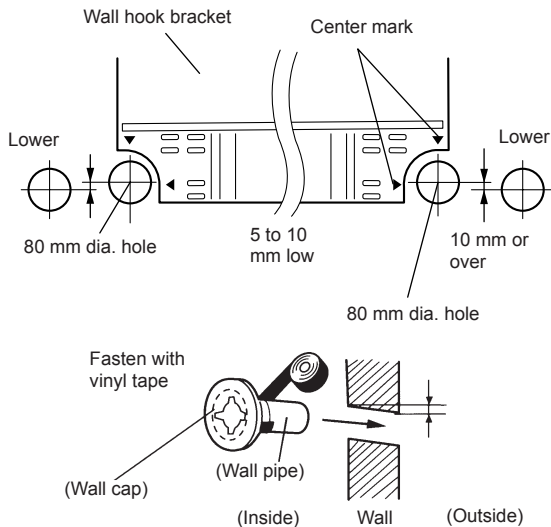
### 3.3.3. Cutting the hole in the wall for the connecting piping

### ⚠ WARNING

- If the wall pipe is not used, the cable interconnecting the indoor and outdoor units may touch metal and cause electric leakage.

- (1) Cut a 80 mm diameter hole in the wall at the position shown in Fig.B.
- (2) When cutting the wall hole at the inside of the wall hook bracket, cut the hole within the range of the left and right center marks 40 mm below the wall hook bracket.  
When cutting the wall hole at the outside of the wall hook bracket, cut the hole at least 10 mm below over.
- (3) Cut the hole so that the outside end is lower (5 to 10 mm) than the inside end.
- (4) Always align the center of the wall hole. If misaligned, water leakage will occur.
- (5) Cut the wall pipe to match the wall thickness, stick it into the wall cap, fasten the cap with vinyl tape, and stick the pipe through the hole. (The connection pipe is supplied in the installation set.) (Fig. B)
- (6) For left piping and right piping, cut the hole a little lower so that drain water will flow freely. (Fig. B)

Fig. B



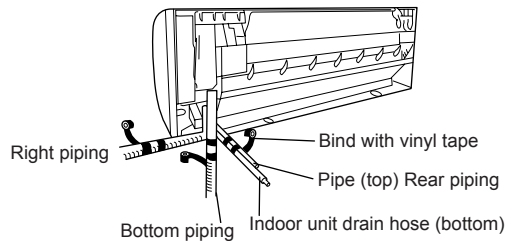
### 3.3.4. Forming the drain hose and pipe

#### CAUTION

- In order to align the drain hose and drain cap, be sure to insert securely and vertically. Incline insertion will cause water leakage.
- When inserting, be sure not to attach any material besides water. If any other material is attached, it will cause deterioration and water leakage.
- After removing drain hose, be sure not to forget mounting drain cap.
- Be sure to fix the drain hose with tape to the bottom of piping.

#### [Rear piping, Right piping, Bottom piping]

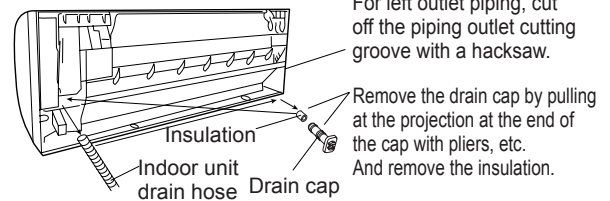
- (1) Install the indoor unit piping in the direction of the wall hole and bind the drain hose and pipe together with vinyl tape.



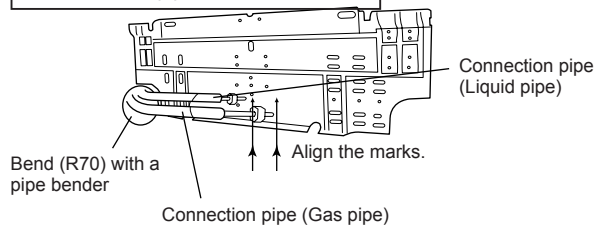
- (2) Install the piping so that the drain hose is at the bottom.
- (3) Wrap the pipes of the indoor unit that are visible from the outside with decorative tape.

#### [For Left rear piping, Left piping]

- (1) Interchange the drain cap, insulation and the drain hose.



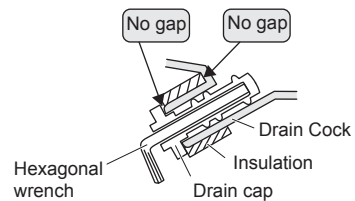
- (2) Align the marks on the wall hook bracket and shape the connection pipe.



- (3) Bend the connection piping at the bend radius of 70 mm or more and install no more than 35 mm from the wall.

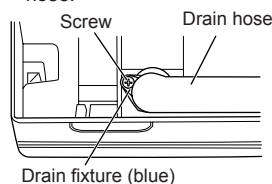
#### Installation method of Drain cap

- Please put the heat insulation inside all along.
- Use a hexagonal wrench (4mm at opposite side) to insert the drain cap, till the drain cap contacts the tip of drain cock.



#### [Removal method of drain hose]

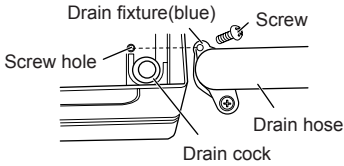
- Remove the screw at the left of drain hose and pull out drain hose.



#### [Installation method of drain hose]

- Vertically insert the drain hose toward the inside, so that the drain fixture (blue) can accurately align with the screw hole around the drain cock.

After inserting and before replacing, please reinstall and fix the removed screws.

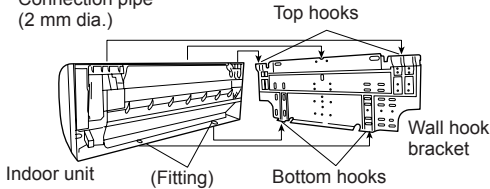


- Be sure to install around the drain hose connector.
- As the screw is inside, be sure to use screwdriver treated with magnet.

### 3.3.5. Installing the indoor unit

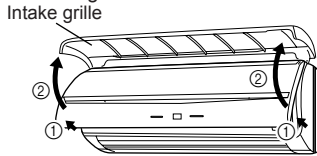
(1) After passing the indoor piping and drain hose through the wall hole, hang the indoor unit on the hooks at the top and bottom of the wall hook bracket.

Connection pipe  
(2 mm dia.)

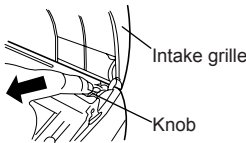


(2) Remove the intake grille.

① Open the intake grille.



② Pull down the knob.

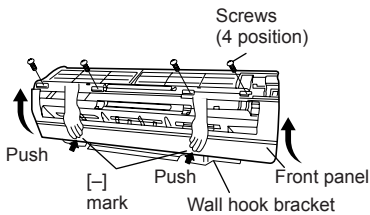


③ Lift the intake grille upward, until the axle at the top of the intake grille is removed.

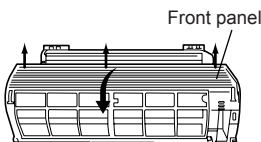
(3) Remove the front panel.

① The thumb is hung on the lower part as shown in the figure, and it pulls to the front, pushing [-] mark, and bottom hooks (2 position) is removed from wall hook bracket.

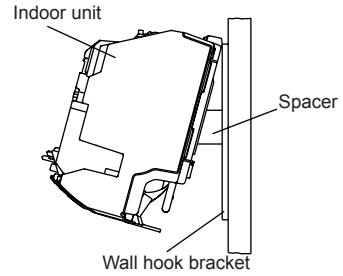
② The front panel bottom is pulled to the front, and bottom hooks is removed indoor unit.



③ The front panel is pulled to the front, raising the upper surface, and a front panel is removed.



(4) Insert the spacer, etc. between the indoor unit and the wall hook bracket and separate the bottom of the indoor unit from the wall.



## 4. PIPE INSTALLATION

### ⚠ CAUTION

- Be more careful that foreign matter (oil, water, etc.) does not enter the piping than with refrigerant R410A models. Also, when storing the piping, securely seal the openings by pinching, taping, etc.
- While welding the pipes, be sure to blow dry nitrogen gas through them.

### 4.1. Selecting the pipe material

### ⚠ CAUTION

- Do not use existing pipes.
- Use pipes that have clean external and internal sides without any contamination which may cause trouble during use, such as sulfur, oxide, dust, cutting waste, oil, or water.
- It is necessary to use seamless copper pipes.  
Material : Phosphor deoxidized seamless copper pipes  
It is desirable that the amount of residual oil is less than 40 mg/10 m.
- Do not use copper pipes that have a collapsed, deformed, or discolored portion (especially on the interior surface). Otherwise, the expansion valve or capillary tube may become blocked with contaminants.
- Improper pipe selection will degrade performance. As an air conditioner using R410A incurs pressure higher than when using conventional refrigerant, it is necessary to choose adequate materials.

- Thicknesses of copper pipes used with R410A are as shown in the table.
- Never use copper pipes thinner than those indicated in the table even if they are available on the market.

#### Thicknesses of Annealed Copper Pipes (R410A)

Pipe outside diameter [mm (in.)]	Thickness [mm]
6.35 (1/4)	0.80
9.52 (3/8)	0.80
12.70 (1/2)	0.80
15.88 (5/8)	1.00
19.05 (3/4)	1.20

## 4.2. Pipe requirement

### ⚠ CAUTION

- Refer to the Installation Manual of the outdoor unit for description of the length of connecting pipe or for difference of its elevation.

- Use pipe with water-resistant heat insulation.

### ⚠ CAUTION

- Install heat insulation around both the gas and liquid pipes. Failure to do so may cause water leaks. Use heat insulation with heat resistance above 120 °C. (Reverse cycle model only)
- In addition, if the humidity level at the installation location of the refrigerant piping is expected to exceed 70 %, install heat insulation around the refrigerant piping. If the expected humidity level is 70-80 %, use heat insulation that is 15 mm or thicker and if the expected humidity exceeds 80 %, use heat insulation that is 20 mm or thicker. If heat insulation is used that is not as thick as specified, condensation may form on the surface of the insulation. In addition, use heat insulation with heat conductivity of 0.045 W/(m·K) or less (at 20 °C).

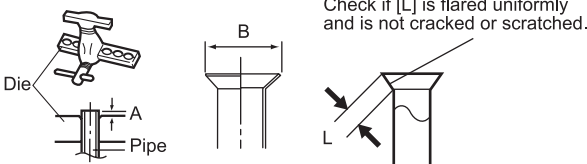
## 4.3. Flare connection (pipe connection)

### ⚠ WARNING

- Tighten the flare nuts with a torque wrench using the specified tightening method. Otherwise, the flare nuts could break after a prolonged period, causing refrigerant to leak and generate a hazardous gas if the refrigerant comes into contact with a flame.

### 4.3.1. Flaring

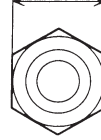
- Use special pipe cutter and flare tool exclusive for R410A.
- Cut the connection pipe to the necessary length with a pipe cutter.
  - Hold the pipe downward so that cuttings will not enter the pipe and remove any burrs.
  - Insert the flare nut (always use the flare nut attached to the indoor and outdoor units respectively) onto the pipe and perform the flare processing with a flare tool. Use the special R410A flare tool, or the conventional flare tool. Leakage of refrigerant may result if other flare nuts are used.
  - Protect the pipes by pinching them or with tape to prevent dust, dirt, or water from entering the pipes.



Pipe outside diameter [mm (in.)]	Dimension A [mm]	Dimension B <sub>-0.4</sub> <sup>0</sup> [mm]
	Flare tool for R410A, clutch type	
6.35 (1/4)	0 to 0.5	9.1
9.52 (3/8)		13.2
12.70 (1/2)		16.6
15.88 (5/8)		19.7
19.05 (3/4)		24.0

When using conventional flare tools to flare R410A pipes, the dimension A should be approximately 0.5 mm more than indicated in the table (for flaring with R410A flare tools) to achieve the specified flaring. Use a thickness gauge to measure the dimension A.

Width across flats



Pipe outside diameter [mm (in.)]	Width across flats of Flare nut [mm]
6.35 (1/4)	17
9.52 (3/8)	22
12.70 (1/2)	26
15.88 (5/8)	29
19.05 (3/4)	36

### 4.3.2. Bending pipes

- If pipes are shaped by hand, be careful not to collapse them.
- Do not bend the pipes in an angle more than 90°.
- When pipes are repeatedly bend or stretched, the material will harden, making it difficult to bend or stretch them any more.
- Do not bend or stretch the pipes more than 3 times.

### ⚠ CAUTION

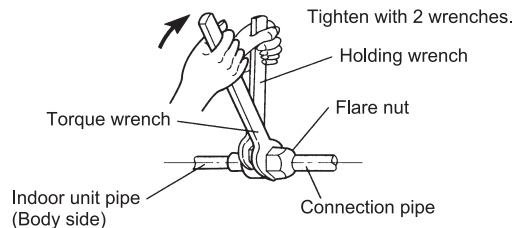
- To prevent breaking of the pipe, avoid sharp bends.
- If the pipe is bent repeatedly at the same place, it will break.

### 4.3.3. Pipe connection

### ⚠ CAUTION

- Be sure to apply the pipe against the port on the indoor unit correctly. If the centering is improper, the flare nut cannot be tighten smoothly. If the flare nut is forced to turn, the threads will be damaged.
- Do not remove the flare nut from the indoor unit pipe until immediately before connecting the connection pipe.
- Hold the torque wrench at its grip, keeping it in the right angle with the pipe, in order to tighten the flare nut correctly.
- Tighten the flare nuts with a torque wrench using the specified tightening method. Otherwise, the flare nuts could break after a prolonged period, causing refrigerant to leak and generate a hazardous gas if the refrigerant comes into contact with a flame.

When the flare nut is tightened properly by your hand, hold the body side coupling with a separate spanner, then tighten with a torque wrench.



Flare nut [mm (in.)]	Tightening torque [N·m (kgf·cm)]
6.35 (1/4) dia.	16 to 18 (160 to 180)
9.52 (3/8) dia.	32 to 42 (320 to 420)
12.70 (1/2) dia.	49 to 61 (490 to 610)
15.88 (5/8) dia.	63 to 75 (630 to 750)
19.05 (3/4) dia.	90 to 110 (900 to 1,100)

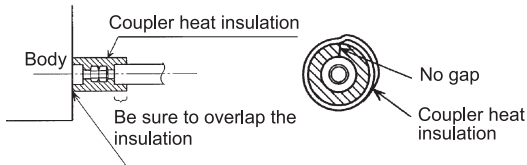
## 4.4. Installing heat insulation

### ⚠ CAUTION

- After checking for gas leaks (refer to the Installation Manual of the outdoor unit), perform this section.
- Install heat insulation around both the large (gas) and small (liquid) pipes. Failure to do so may cause water leaks.

After checking for gas leaks, insulate by wrapping insulation around the 2 parts (gas and liquid) of the indoor unit coupling, using the Coupler heat insulation.

After installing the Coupler heat insulation, wrap both ends with vinyl tape so that there is no gap.



### ⚠ CAUTION

- Must fit tightly against body without any gap.

## 5. ELECTRICAL WIRING

### ⚠ WARNING

- Electrical work must be performed in accordance with this Manual by a person certified under the national or regional regulations. Be sure to use a dedicated circuit for the unit. An insufficient power supply circuit or improperly performed electrical work can cause serious accidents such as electric shock or fire.
- Before starting work, check that power is not being supplied to the indoor unit and outdoor unit.
- For wiring, use the prescribed type of wires, connect them securely, making sure that there are no external forces of the wires applied to the terminal connections. Improperly connected or secured wires can cause serious accidents such as overheating the terminals, electric shock, or fire.
- Securely install the electrical box cover on the unit. An improperly installed electrical box cover can cause serious accidents such as electric shock or fire through exposure to dust or water.
- Install sleeves into any holes made in the walls for wiring. Otherwise, a short circuit could result.
- Use the included connection cables and power cables or ones specified by the manufacturer. Improper connections, insufficient insulation, or exceeding the allowable current can cause electric shock or fire.
- Do not modify the power cables, use extension cables, or use any branches in the wiring. Improper connections, insufficient insulation, or exceeding the allowable current can cause electric shock or fire.
- Match the terminal block numbers and connection cable colors with those of the outdoor unit. Erroneous wiring may cause burning of the electric parts.

- Securely connect the connection cables to the terminal board. In addition, secure the cables with wiring holders. Improper connections, either in the wiring or at the ends of the wiring, can cause a malfunction, electric shock, or fire.

- Always fasten the outside covering of the connection cable with the cable clamp. (If the insulator is chafed, electric leakage may occur.)

- Install a ground leakage breaker. In addition, install the ground leakage breaker so that the entire AC main power supply is cut off at the same time. Otherwise, electric shock or fire could result.

- Always connect the ground cable. Improper grounding work can cause electric shocks.

- Install the remote controller cables so as not to be directly touched with your hand.

- Perform wiring work in accordance with standards so that the air conditioner can be operated safely and positively.

- Connect the connection cable firmly to the terminal board. Imperfect installation may cause a fire.

- If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.

### ⚠ CAUTION

- Ground the unit. Do not connect the ground cable to a gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod, or a telephone ground cable. Improper grounding may cause electric shock.
- Do not connect power supply cables to the transmission or remote controller terminals, as this will damage the product.
- Never bundle the power supply cable and transmission cable, remote control cable together. Separate these cables by 50 mm or more. Bundling these cables together will cause misoperation or breakdown.
- When handling PCB, static electricity charged in the body may cause malfunction of the PCB. Follow the cautions below:
  - Establish a ground for the indoor and outdoor units and peripheral devices.
  - Cut power (breaker) off.
  - Touch metal part of the indoor and outdoor units for more than 10 seconds to discharge static electricity charged in the body.
  - Do not touch terminals of parts and patterns implemented on PCB.



## 5.1. Electrical requirement

<b>Voltage rating</b>	230 V
<b>Operating range</b>	198 to 264 V

- Select the power cable type and size in accordance with relevant local and national regulations.
- Specifications for local wiring power cord and branch wiring are in compliance with local code.
- Max. wire length: Set a length so that the voltage drop is less than 2%. Increase the wire diameter when the wire length is long.

Refer to the table for the breaker specifications of each installation condition. Perform the power crossover wiring within the range of the same refrigerant system. When the crossover wiring is done, make a connection for indoor units to satisfy conditions A and B below.

### A. Current breaker requirements

Model	MCA	MFA
AS□A07LACH	0.20 A	20 A
AS□A09LACH	0.21 A	
AS□A12LACH	0.24 A	
AS□A14LACH	0.34 A	

MCA: Minimum Circuit Ampacity

MFA: Maximum Fuse Ampacity

When the power crossover wiring is done, make it so that the total of the MCA of the connected indoor units does not exceed the 15 A.

If the capacity of connected indoor units exceeds the upper limit, either add breakers or use a breaker with a greater capacity.

### B. Earth leakage breaker requirements

Breaker capacity	The number of connectable indoor units
30 mA, 0.1 sec or less	12 or less*
100 mA, 0.1 sec or less	13 to 40
200 mA, 0.1 sec or less	41 to 48

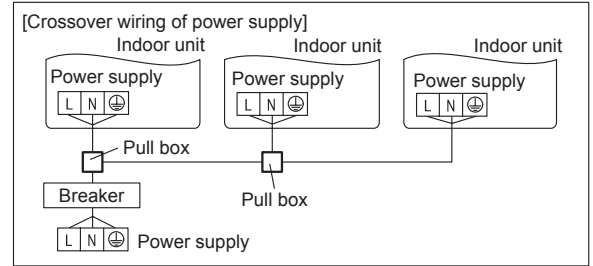
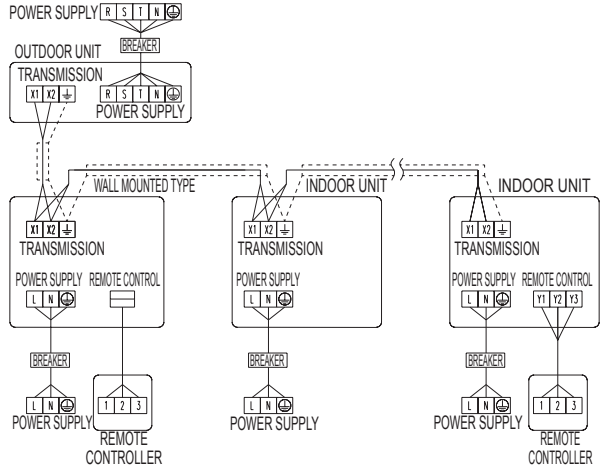
\*: If the total number of units connected to the breaker exceeds 12, either add a 30mA breaker, or use breakers with a greater capacity.

	Recommended cable size (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Cable type	Remark
Power supply cable	2.5	Type245 IEC57 or equivalent	1ø 50 Hz 198–264 V 2 Cable + ground
Transmission cable	0.33	LONWORKS compatible cable	22 AWG LEVEL 4 (NEMA) non-polar 2 core, twisted pair solid core diameter 0.65 mm
Remote controller cable	0.33	Sheathed PVC cable*	Polar 3 core Twisted pair

\*: Use shielded cable in accordance with local rules for remote controller cable.

## 5.2. Wiring method

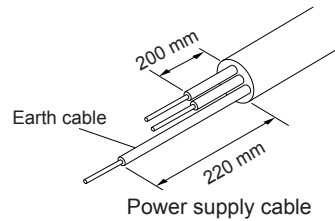
### (EXAMPLE)



## 5.3. Unit wiring

- Before attaching the cable to terminal block.

### 5.3.1. Power supply cable

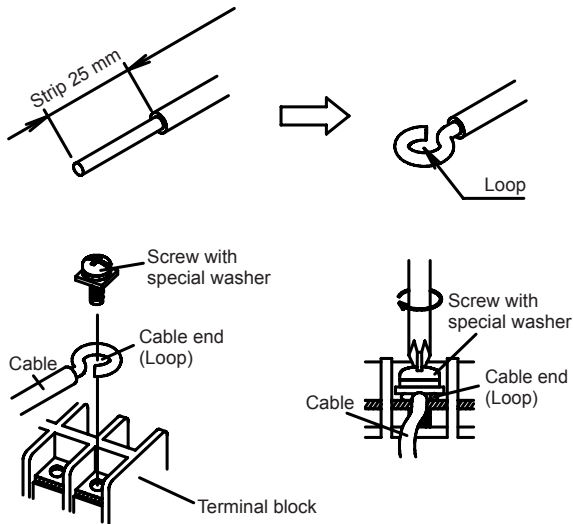


### A. For solid core wiring

- (1) To connect the electrical terminal, follow the below diagram and connect after looping it around the end of the cable.
- (2) Use the specified wires, connect them securely, and fasten them so that there is no stress placed on the terminals.
- (3) Use an appropriate screwdriver to tighten the terminal screws.

Do not use a screwdriver that is too small, otherwise, the screw heads may be damaged and prevent the screws from being properly tightened.

- (4) Do not tighten the terminal screws too much, otherwise, the screws may break.
- (5) See the table for the terminal screw tightening torques.
- (6) Please do not fix 2 power supply cables with 1 screw.

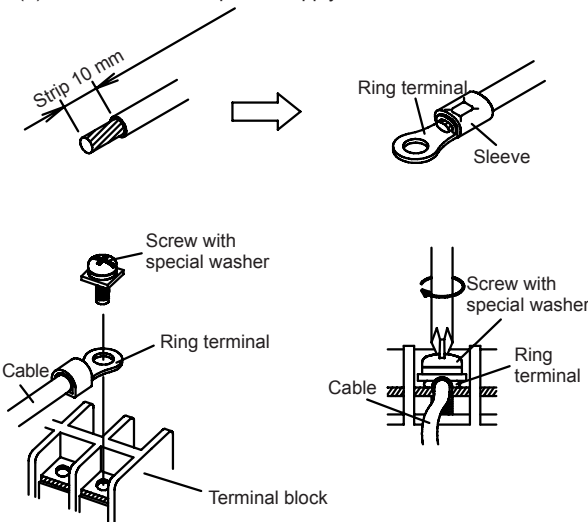


**⚠ WARNING**

- When using solid core cables, do not use the attached ring terminal. If you use the solid core cables with the ring terminal, the ring terminal's pressure bonding may malfunction and cause the cables to abnormally heat up.

### B. For strand wiring

- Use ring terminals with insulating sleeves as shown in the figure below to connect to the terminal block.
- Securely clamp the ring terminals to the cables using an appropriate tool so that the cables do not come loose.
- Use the specified cables, connect them securely, and fasten them so that there is no stress placed on the terminals.
- Use an appropriate screwdriver to tighten the terminal screws. Do not use a screwdriver that is too small, otherwise, the screw heads may be damaged and prevent the screws from being properly tightened.
- Do not tighten the terminal screws too much, otherwise, the screws may break.
- See the table for the terminal screw tightening torques.
- Please do not fix 2 power supply cables with 1 screw.

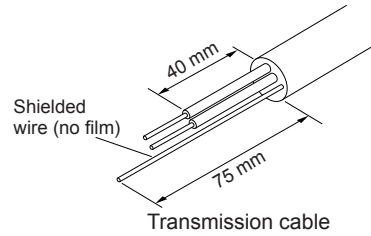


**⚠ WARNING**

- Use ring terminals and tighten the terminal screws to the specified torques, otherwise, abnormal overheating may be produced and possibly cause heavy damage inside the unit.

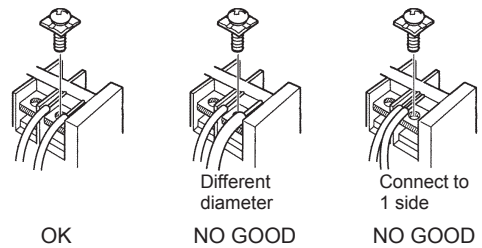
Tightening torque	
M4 screw (Power supply /L, N, GND)	1.2 to 1.8 N·m (12 to 18 kgf·cm)

### 5.3.2. Transmission cable



- Connect transmission cables as shown in Fig. C.

Fig. C



**⚠ WARNING**

- Tighten the terminal screws to the specified torques, otherwise, abnormal overheating may be produced and possibly cause heavy damage inside the unit.

Tightening torque	
M4 screw (Transmission /X1, X2)	0.8 to 1.2 N·m (8 to 12 kgf·cm)

**⚠ CAUTION**

- To peel the film from the lead cable, use a dedicated tool that will not damage the conductor cable.
- When installing a screw on the terminal block, do not cut the cable by overtightening the screw. On the other hand, an undertightened screw can cause faulty contact, which will lead to a communication failure.

## 6. FIELD SETTING

There are 3 methods for address setting by FIELD SETTING as follows.

Set by either of the methods.

Each setting method is described (1) to (3) below.

- IU AD, REF AD SW settings....This section (6.1. Setting the address)
- Remote controller settings Refer to the wired or wireless remote controller manual for detailed setting information. (Set IU AD, REF AD SW to 0)
- Automatic address settings..... Refer to the outdoor unit manual for detailed setting information. (Set IU AD, REF AD SW to 0)

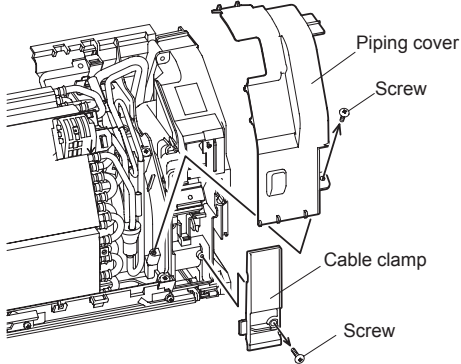
## 6.1. Setting the address

### Manual address setting method

#### ⚠ CAUTION

- When setting the DIP switch, use an insulated screw driver.
- When handling the PCB, static electricity charged in the body may cause malfunction of the PCB. Follow the cautions below:
  - Touch metal part of the indoor and outdoor units for more than 10 seconds to discharge static electricity charged in the body.
  - Do not touch terminals of parts and patterns implemented on the PCB.

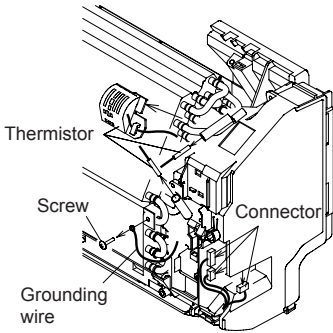
(1) Remove the cable clamp.



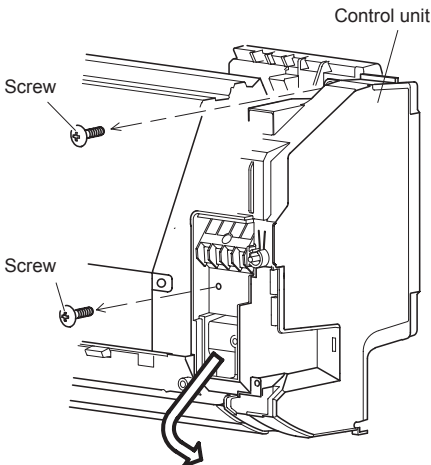
(2) Remove screws of the heat exchanger, and then remove grounding wire.

(3) Remove 3 thermistors.

(4) Remove the connector.



(5) Remove screw, then remove the control unit.



(6) Set the switches on the PCB.

- ① Indoor unit address  
 Rotary switch (IU AD × 1)...Factory setting "0"  
 Rotary switch (IU AD × 10)...Factory setting "0"  
 When connecting multiple indoor units to 1 refrigerant system, set the address at IU AD SW as shown in the Table A.
- ② Refrigerant circuit address  
 Rotary switch (REF AD × 1)...Factory setting "0"  
 Rotary switch (REF AD × 10)...Factory setting "0"  
 In the case of multiple refrigerant systems, set REF AD SW as shown in the Table A for each refrigerant system. Set to the same refrigerant circuit address as the outdoor unit.

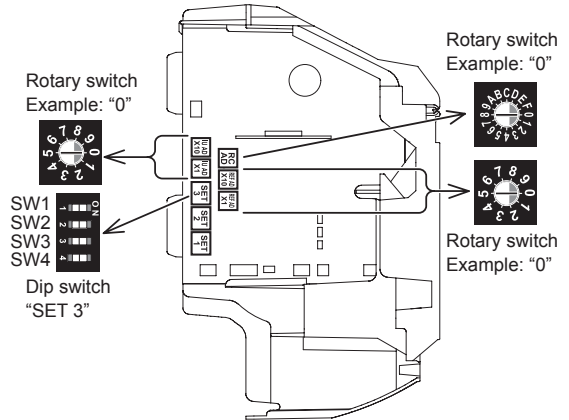


Table A


Setting	Setting range	Type of switch		
Indoor unit address	0-63	Setting example 2		
			IU AD × 10	IU AD × 1
Refrigerant circuit address	0-99	Setting example 63		
			REF AD × 10	REF AD × 1

- If working in an environment where the wireless remote controller can be used, the addresses can also be set using the remote controller.
- If setting the addresses using the wireless remote controller, set the indoor unit address and refrigerant circuit address to "00".

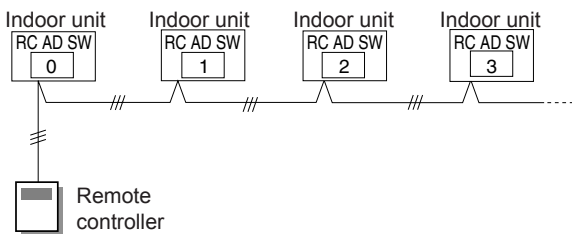
Address	Rotary Switch Setting		Address	Rotary Switch Setting	
	REF AD SW			Indoor unit	IU AD SW
Refrigerant circuit	× 10	× 1			× 10
0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	1	0	1
2	0	2	2	0	2
3	0	3	3	0	3
4	0	4	4	0	4
5	0	5	5	0	5
6	0	6	6	0	6
7	0	7	7	0	7
8	0	8	8	0	8
9	0	9	9	0	9
10	1	0	10	0	0
11	1	1	11	1	1
12	1	2	12	1	2
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
99	9	9	63	6	3

Do not set the indoor unit address (IU AD SW) at 64 to 99. It may result failure.

- ③ Remote controller address  
Rotary switch (RC AD SW)...Factory setting "0"  
When connecting multiple indoor units to 1 standard wired remote controller, set the address at RC AD SW in sequence from 0.

Setting	Setting range	Type of switch
Remote controller address	0-15	Setting example 0  RC-AD

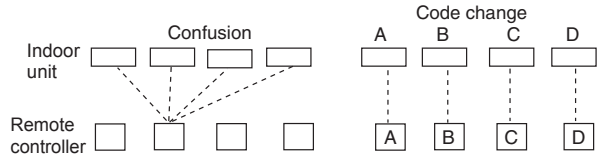
**Example** If 4 indoor units are connected.



RC AD SW	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Address	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
RC AD SW	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
Address	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

## 6.2. Custom code setting

Selecting the custom code prevents the indoor unit mix-up. (Up to 4 codes can be set.)  
Perform the setting for both the indoor unit and the remote controller.



### • Custom code setting for indoor unit

Set the DIP SW SET 3 SW1, SW2 referring to the Table B.

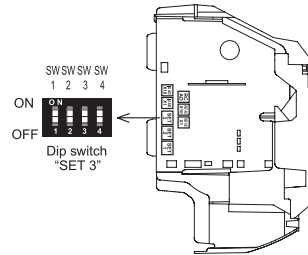


Table B

	Custom code			
	A (Factory setting)	B	C	D
DIP SW SET 3 SW1	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
DIP SW SET 3 SW2	OFF	OFF	ON	ON

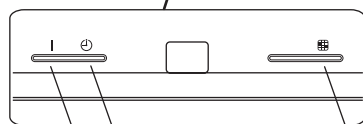
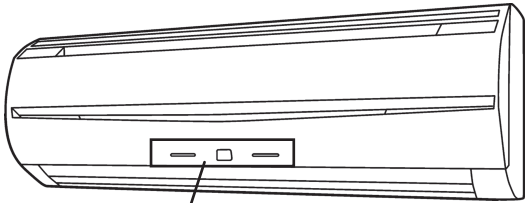
## 6.3. Function Setting

- FUNCTION SETTING can be performed with the wired or wireless remote controller.  
(The remote controller is optional equipment)
- Refer to the wired or wireless remote controller manual for detailed setting information. (Set IU AD, REF AD SW to 0)
- Refer to "6.1. Setting the address." for indoor unit address and refrigerant circuit address settings.
- Turn the power of the indoor unit ON before starting the setting.
  - \* Turning on the power indoor units initializes EEV, so make sure the piping air tight test and vacuuming have been conducted before turning on the power.
  - \* Also check again to make sure no wiring mistakes were made before turning on the power.

## Function details

Function	Function number	Setting number	Default	Details
Filter indicator interval	11	00	Default	Adjust the filter cleaning interval notification. If the notification is too early, change to setting 01. If the notification is too late, change to setting 02.
		01	Longer	
		02	Shorter	
Filter indicator action	13	00	Enable	Enable or disable the filter indicator. Setting 02 is for use with a central remote controller.
		01	Disable	
		02	Display only on central remote controller	
Cool air temperature trigger	30	00	Default	Adjust the cool air trigger temperature. To lower the trigger temperature, use setting 01. To raise the trigger temperature, use setting 02.
		01	Adjust (1)	
		02	Adjust (2)	
Hot air temperature trigger	31	00	Default	Adjust the hot air trigger temperature. To lower the trigger temperature by 6 degrees C, use setting 01. To lower the trigger temperature by 4 degrees C, use setting 02. To raise the trigger temperature, use setting 03.
		01	Adjust (1)	
		02	Adjust (2)	
		03	Adjust (3)	
Auto restart	40	00	Enable	Enable or disable automatic system restart after a power outage.
		01	Disable	
External control	46	00	Start/Stop	Allow an external controller to start or stop the system, or to perform an emergency stop. * If an emergency stop is performed from an external controller, all refrigerant systems will be disabled. * If forced stop is set, indoor unit stops by the input to the external input terminals, and Start/Stop by a remote controller is restricted.
		01	Emergency stop	
		02	Forced stop	
Error report target	47	00	All	Change the target for reporting errors. Errors can either be reported in all locations, or only on the wired remote.
		01	Display only on central remote controller	

### 6.3.1 Button name and function



OPERATION indicator lamp (Green)  
TIMER indicator lamp (Orange)  
FILTER indicator lamp (Red)

### 6.3.2 Checking the function settings

- Press and hold the "MANUAL AUTO" button on the indoor unit for 3 seconds to check the function settings. It is necessary to disconnect the power in order to return to normal operation mode.

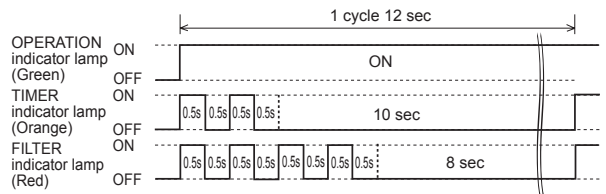
#### (1) Indoor unit and refrigerant address indication

##### Indication pattern

Indicator name	Indication pattern	
	Indoor unit address	Refrigerant address
OPERATION indicator lamp (Green)	ON	Flash (1.0s ON/1.0s OFF)
TIMER indicator lamp (Orange)	Address: tens place (0.5s ON/0.5s OFF)	
FILTER indicator lamp (Red)	Address: ones place (0.5s ON/0.5s OFF)	

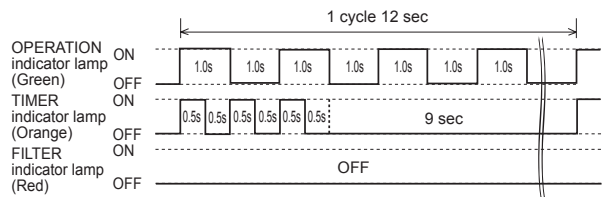
- Indoor unit address example

(Example) ADDRESS : 24



- Refrigerant address example

(Example) ADDRESS : 30



• Setting details

Function number	Item	Setting number
01	Indoor unit address	00~63
02	Refrigeration address	00~99

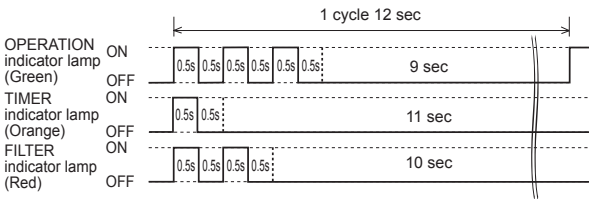
For use with a remote controller, set all rotary switches to 0, and refer to “6.1. Setting the address” for details. All switches are set to 0 at the factory.

**(2) Others**

Indication pattern

Indicator Name	Indication pattern
OPERATION indicator lamp (Green)	Function number; tens place (0.5s ON/0.5s OFF)
TIMER indicator lamp (Orange)	Function number; ones place (0.5s ON/0.5s OFF)
FILTER indicator lamp (Red)	Setting number: (0 - 9) (0.5s ON/0.5s OFF)

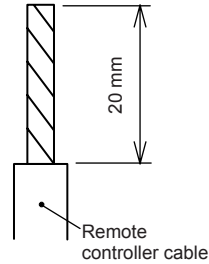
(Example) Function : 31, Setting number : 2



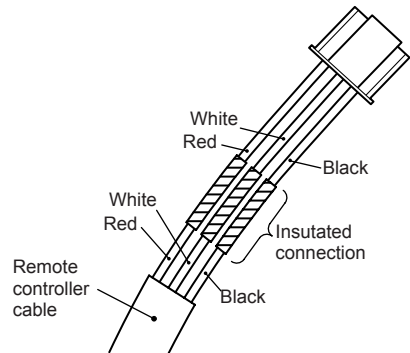
**6.4. Connecting the wired remote controller (If necessary)**

In order to connect the wired/simple remote controller to the external switch controller, the wire assembly (Accessories) which is attached to the indoor unit needs to be connected to the end of remote controller cable.

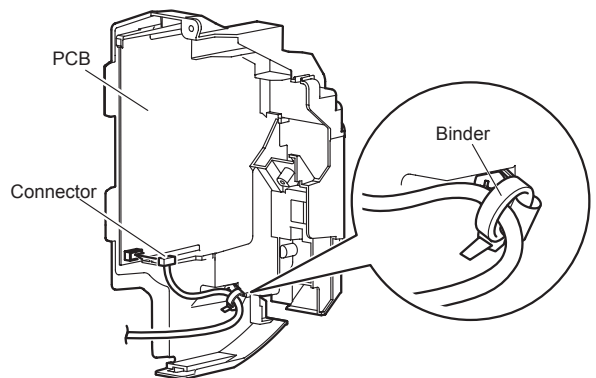
- (1) Use a tool to cut off the terminal on the end of the remote controller cable, and then remove the insulation from the cut end of the cable as shown below.



- (2) Connect the remote controller cable and wire assembly as shown below.

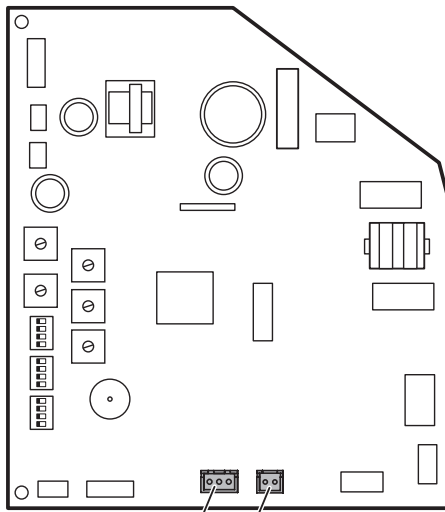


- (3) Connect the cable of wired remote controller unit to the PCB of Control unit.
- (4) Fasten the remote controller cable to the binder as shown below.



## 6.5. External input and external output (Optional parts)

Controller PCB



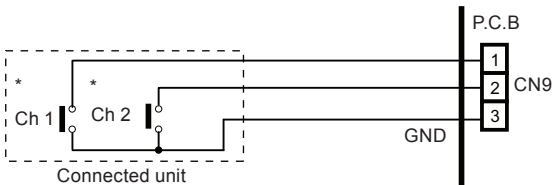
Output Terminal (CN8)  
Input Terminal (CN9)

### (1) External input terminals

- Indoor unit can be Start/Stop or Emergency stop by using indoor unit PCB CN9.

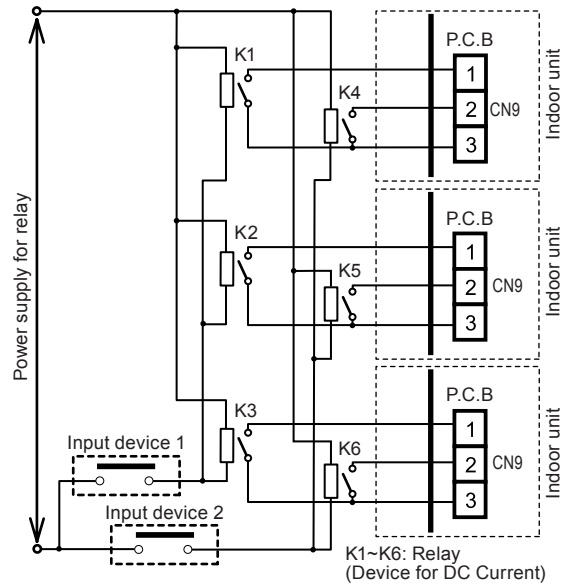
### Wiring methods and specifications

- A twisted pair cable (22AWG) should be used. Maximum length of cable is 25 m.
- Use an external input and output cable with appropriate external dimension, depending on the number of cables to be installed.
- The wire connection should be separate from the power cable line.
- Open circuit voltage :  $\leq 5.25$  (V).
- Short circuit current :  $\leq 0.6$  (mA).
- Short circuit detection resistance ( $R_{ON}$ ) :  $\leq 500$  (ohm).
- Short circuit detection resistance ( $R_{OFF}$ ) :  $\geq 100$  (kilo-ohm).



- \* Select very low current use contacts (usable at DC12V, DC1mA or less).

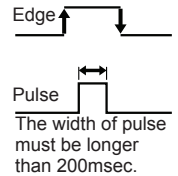
When connected to no voltage terminals of multiple indoor units with a connected unit, insulate each indoor unit with relay, etc. as shown on below example. When connected to multiple indoor units directly, it will cause breakdown.



### Operation behavior

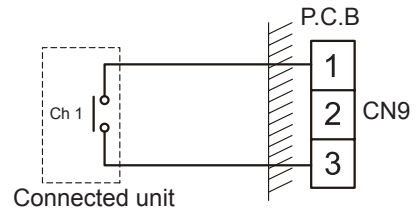
- Input signal type  
The input signal type can be selected. It is switched by Dip-sw on the indoor unit PCB.

Dip-sw [Set 2-2]	Input signal type
OFF	Edge
ON	Pulse



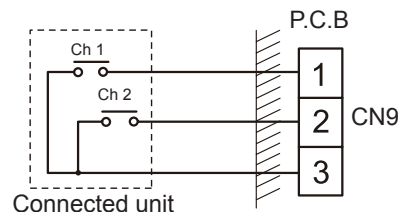
- When function setting is "Start/Stop" mode [In the case of "Edge" input]

Connector	Input signal	Command
Ch1 of CN9	OFF → ON	Operation
	ON → OFF	Stop



[In the case of "Pulse" input]

Connector	Input signal	Command
CN9	Ch1	OFF → ON
	Ch2	OFF → ON



- \* The last command has priority.
- \* The indoor units within the same remote controller group operates in the same mode.

- When function setting is "Emergency stop" mode.  
[In the case of "Edge" input]

Connector	Input signal	Command
Ch1 of CN9	OFF → ON	Emergency stop
	ON → OFF	Normal

[In the case of "Pulse" input]

Connector	Input signal	Command	
CN9	Ch1	OFF → ON	Emergency stop
	Ch2	OFF → ON	Normal

- When function setting is "Forced stop" mode  
In the case of "Edge" input

Connector	Input signal	Command
Ch1 of CN9	OFF → ON	Forced stop
	ON → OFF	Normal

In the case of "Pulse" input

Connector	Input signal	Command	
CN9	Ch1	OFF → ON	Forced stop
	Ch2	OFF → ON	Normal

- When the forced stop is triggered, indoor unit stops and Start/Stop operation by a remote controller is restricted.
- When forced stop function is used with forming a remote controller group, connect the same equipment to each indoor unit within the group.**
- Selection method of functions "Start/Stop" mode or "Emergency stop", "Forced stop" mode can be selected with function setting of indoor unit.

## (2) External output terminals

- When picking up output signals for operating status, abnormal conditions or indoor unit status.

### Wiring methods and specifications

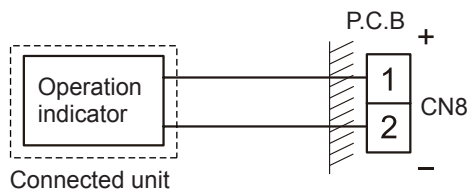
- A twisted pair cable (22AWG) should be used. Maximum length of cable is 150 m.
- Use an external input and output cable with appropriate external dimension, depending on the number of cables to be installed.
- The wire connection should be separate from the power cable line.

### Operation behavior

Connector	Output voltage	Status
CN8	12V	Operation
	0V	Stop

Output voltage : Hi DC12V ± 2V  
Lo 0V

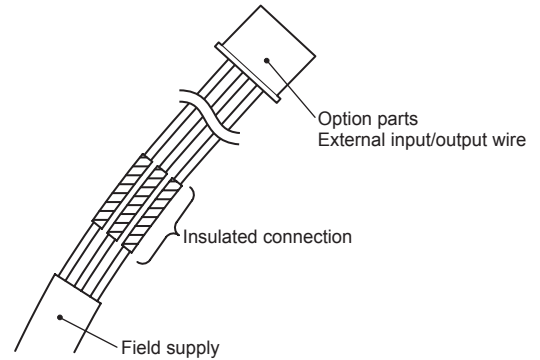
Permissible current : 15mA



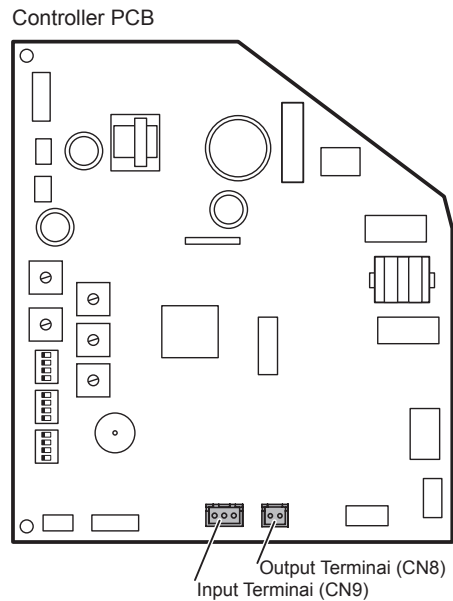
## (3) Connection methods

- Wire modification**  
Use a tool to cut off the terminal on the end of the wire, and then remove the insulation from the cut end of the wire. Connect the wire with connecting wire with solder.

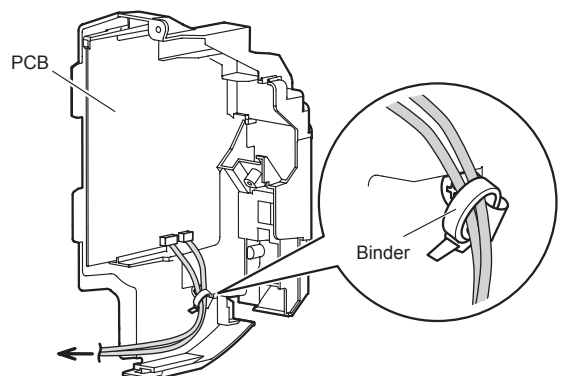
Important: Be sure to insulate the connection between the wires.



- Connection terminals



- Wiring arrangement

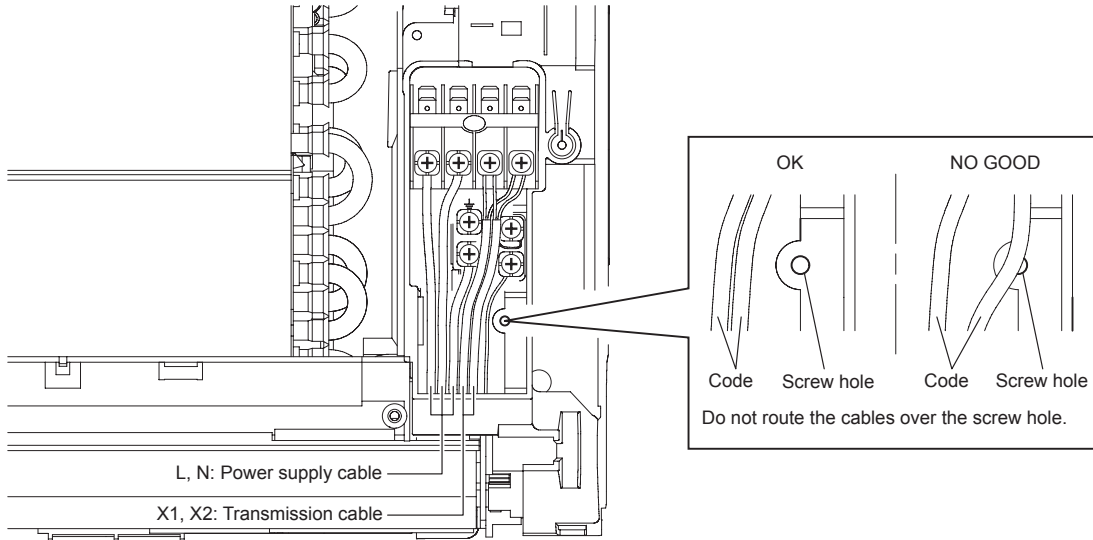




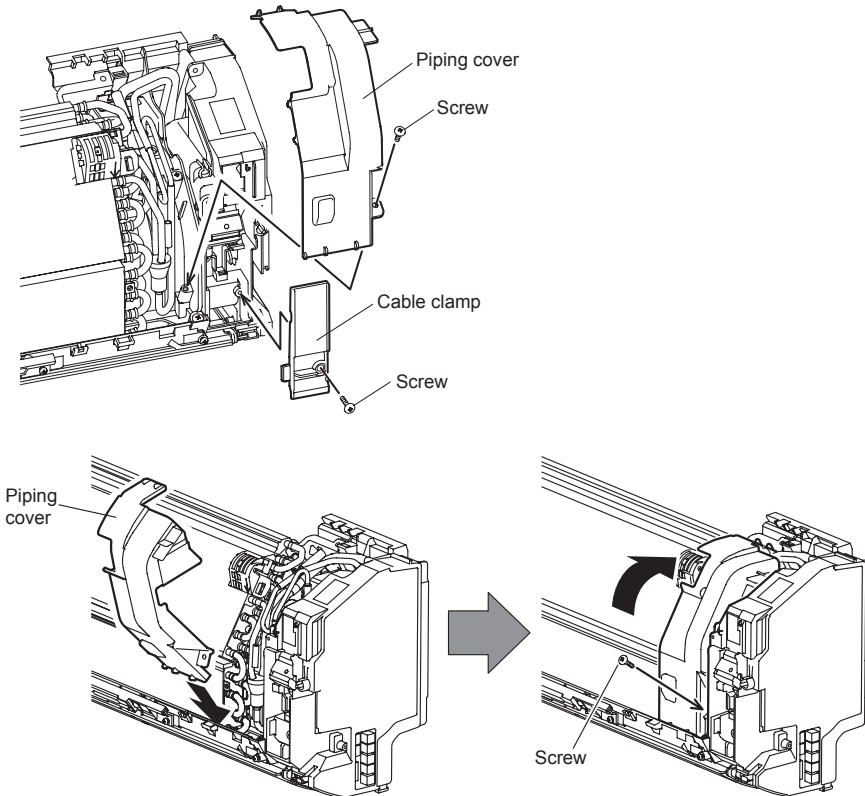
## 6.6. Installing the control unit

• Refer to 6.1 (1) ~ (5) to install the control unit, thermistor, and grounding wire.

(1) Connect the connection cable.



(2) Install the cable clamp and piping cover.

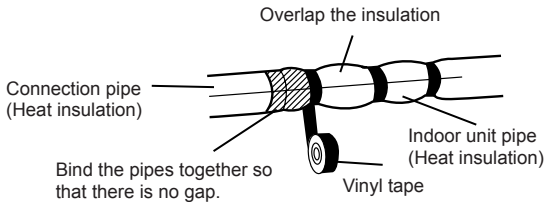


## 7. FINISHING

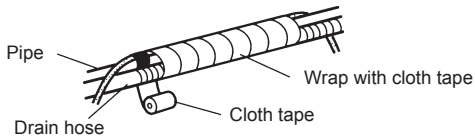
- After completing the refrigerant leak check (for details, refer to the Installation Manual of the outdoor unit), install the insulation.

### (1) Insulate between pipes.

- For rear, right, and bottom piping, overlap the connection pipe heat insulation and indoor unit pipe heat insulation and bind them with vinyl tape so that there is no gap.
- For left and left rear piping, butt the connection pipe heat insulation and indoor unit pipe heat insulation together and bind them with and vinyl tape so that there is no gap.

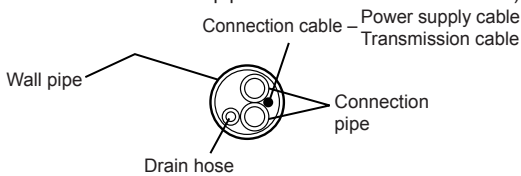


- For left and left rear piping, wrap the area which accommodates the rear piping housing section with cloth tape.

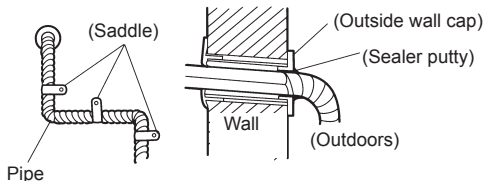


- For left and left rear piping, bind the connection cable to the top of the pipe with vinyl tape.
- For left and left rear piping, bundle the piping and drain hose together by wrapping them with cloth tape over the range within which they fit into the rear piping housing section.

### (2) Temporarily fasten the connection cable along the connection pipe with vinyl tape. (Wrap to about 1/3 the width of the tape from the bottom of the pipe so that water does not enter.)



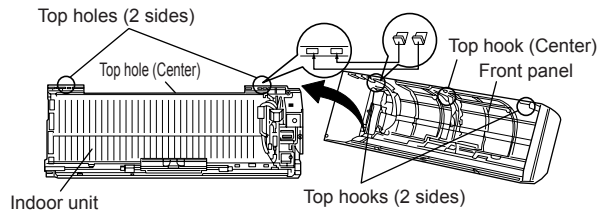
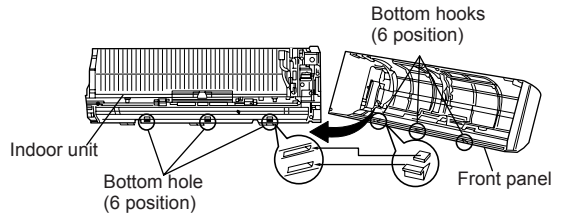
### (3) Fasten the connection pipe to the outside wall with saddles, etc.



### (4) Fill the gap between the outside wall pipe hole and the pipe with sealer so that rain water and wind cannot blow in.

### (5) Install the front panel.

- Firstly, fit the lower part of the front panel, and insert top and bottom hooks. (3 top sides, 6 bottom sides)



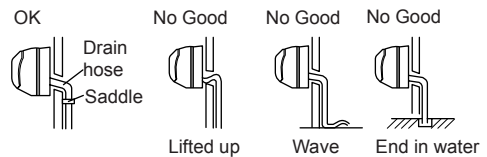
- 4 screws is attached.

### (6) Install the intake grille.

- The fixing axle of the intake grille is installed on the Panel.
- Lay down the intake grille.

### (7) Fasten the drain hose to the outside wall, etc.

Check the condition of the drain hose and make sure that it is routed correctly.



### CAUTION

- Make sure the drain water is properly drained.

## 8. TEST OPERATION

### 8.1. Test operation using PCB (Outdoor unit)

- Refer to the Installation Manual for the outdoor unit if the PCB for the outdoor unit is to be used for the test operation.

### 8.2. Test operation using Remote Controller

- Refer to the Installation Manual for the remote controller to perform the test operation using the wireless remote controller.
- When the air conditioner is being test run, the OPERATION and TIMER indicators lamps flash slowly at the same time.

## 9. CHECK LIST

Pay special attention to the check items below when installing the indoor unit(s). After installation is complete, be sure to check the following check items again.

CHECK ITEMS	If not performed correctly	CHECK BOX
Has the indoor unit been installed correctly?	Vibration, noise, indoor unit may drop	
Has there been a check for gas leaks (refrigerant pipes)?	No cooling, No heating	
Has heat insulation work been completed?	Water leakage	
Does water drain easily from the indoor units?	Water leakage	
Is the voltage of the power source the same as that indicated on the label on the indoor unit?	No operation, heat or burn damage	
Are the wires and pipes all connected completely?	No operation, heat or burn damage	
Is the indoor unit grounded?	Short circuit	
Is the connection cable the specified thickness?	No operation, heat or burn damage	
Are the inlets and outlets free of any obstacles?	No cooling, No heating	
Does start and stop air conditioner operation by remote control unit or external device?	No operation	
After installation is completed, has the proper operation and handling been explained to the user?		

## 10. ERROR CODES

If you use a wired type remote controller, error codes will appear on the remote controller display. If you use a wireless remote controller, the lamp on the photodetector unit will output error codes by way of blinking patterns. See the lamp blinking patterns and error codes in the table below.

Error display			Wired Remote Controller Error CODE	Error contents
OPERATION lamp (green)	TIMER lamp (orange)	FILTER lamp (red)		
● (1)	● (2)	◇	12	Remote controller communication error
● (1)	● (4)	◇	14	Anomalous network communications
● (1)	● (6)	◇	16	Parallel communication error
● (3)	● (1)	◇	31	Power frequency error
● (3)	● (2)	◇	32	Model information error/EEPROM accession error
● (4)	● (1)	◇	41	Room temperature thermistor error
● (4)	● (2)	◇	42	Indoor heat exchanger temperature thermistor error
● (5)	● (1)	◇	51	Indoor fan motor error
● (5)	● (3)	◇	53	Drainage error
● (9)	● (15)	◇	9U	Outdoor unit error

Display mode ● : 0.5s ON / 0.5s OFF  
 ◇ : 0.1s ON / 0.1s OFF  
 ( ) : Number of flashing

Wired Remote Controller Display

